Name	Period #
Lab Rep Step 1: Revi	ort ew all of your data- tables, graphs, drawings, notes.
experiment.	e one sentence summarizing the overall findings of your This will help you to understand the findings and will be helpful ite the results section of your lab report.
	ur teacher says it is okay ask other students in the lab about . Write down any differences. What are possible reasons for the

PostLab: writing your lab report

The PostLab is a guide for writing lab reports. You will begin by describing in writing the **Materials and Methods** you used and then your **Results**. You will use the Materials, Methods and Results to write an **Introduction** that establishes a context for the lab, a way of understanding what is significant or important about this lab.

Section One Methods: Describing the lab procedure

Write one paragraph describing the procedure you followed during this lab. Make sure to use enough detail about your materials and methods that someone else could repeat your procedure.

Hint: Refer to directions, your lab handout(s), the textbook and any notes you took during the lab.

Section Two Results: Making sense of your data for yourself and others

Step 1: Finish or create any tables, graphs or diagrams that will help you visualize your lab data.

Step 2: Write a one-sentence caption under each visual: table, graph or diagram. Your sentence should state the variable(s) represented in the visual.

Step 3 Review all the data from your experiment. Look at all your visuals. Summarize the main finding of the lab in one sentence.

Section Three Introduction: Establishing a context for the lab

In the **introduction** you will show in writing why the lab is significant, or important. You will write what you are learning about science by doing this lab. You will be establishing a context for the lab.

about.	e one sentence clearly stating what sc i	ientific concept the lab
	e one sentence clearly stating the pur out the scientific concept (your answer	
Hint: Look at	your handouts and textboook.	
original hypo	e a paragraph. First, state your hypoth thesis, "The hypothesis for this lab was Ve predicted that"	,
	you used your understanding of the sciediction about the outcome of the lab. hypothesis.	
Finish the pa used in the la	ragraph by writing the independent an b.	d dependent variables

Section Four Discussion: Interpreting the results of the lab

Step	ne lab 1: State in one sentence or two whether the results from the lab prort your hypothesis	rocedure
hypot	2: Identify data from your lab that led you to either support or reje hesis. Refer to the visual representations of your data as evidence tudgment about the hypothesis.	•
-	3 : Using your understanding of the scientific concept of this lab, ex raph or more why the results did or did not support your hypothesis	•
_		
	4 : Additional discussion: (1) problems or errors in lab procedure; (2) gs compare to other students'; (3) suggestions for improving the la	
	opyright NC State University 2004Sponsored and funded by National Science	ce Foundation
	(DUE-9950405 and DUE-0231086) Site design by Rosa Wallace	